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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/998,045	11/29/2001	Flemming Boegelund	AUS920010934US1	6053
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Intellectual Pro	operty Law Department	BAYERL, RAYMOND J		
IBM Corporation 11400 Burnet Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Austin, TX 75758			2173	
			DATE MAIL ED: 10/01/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/998,045	BOEGELUND, FLEMMING
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Raymond J. Bayerl	2173
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with t	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS, cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed 0) days will be considered timely. 5 from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	•	
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 38</u> is/are pending in the application	n.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 5, 11 - 15, 22 - 38</u> is/are rejected.		
7) \boxtimes Claim(s) <u>6 - 10, 16 - 21</u> is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 February 2002</u> is/are		ected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		-
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		·
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached O	ffice Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Appl rity documents have been red u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No ceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Sum	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		lail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)
D. L. L. T. L.		

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1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

"The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words."

Applicant's abstract deviates from these guidelines by comprising two paragraphs.

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3.a. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is not clear what applicant intends to be the invention, when claim 11 is recited as "using the length obtained in claim 10". Claim 10 is not a parent claim in dependent claim format, so if claim 11 is intended as a dependent, what part of claim 10 is in fact incorporated by this reference? Applicant should compare claim 11 with comparable claim 21, which is actually a dependent of a parent claim in which "the length" is found.

3.b. Claims 30 – 37 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The pairs of claims: 30,34; 31,35; 32,36; 33,37 are identical. What is applicant's intention, in presenting such pairs of claims? Was, in fact, a difference between the members of these pairs intended?

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4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1 5, 12 15, 22 29, 31, 33, 35, 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.
 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kumar et al. ("Kumar"; US #6,356,921 B1) in view of Miller et al. ("Miller"; US #2004/0080525 A1).

As per independent claim 1's "appending information to a graphical image file" (see also independent claim 12), Kumar discloses that HIERARCHICAL AND ADAPTIVE DELIVERY RICH MEDIA PRESENTATIONS AND ASSOCIATED META

DATA may be contained within a single file that contains all information for a complete presentation (Abstract). This presentation file can contain a file header frame and multiple media frames, and also a thumbnail description. In working with Media bit streams (col 9, lines 29 – 49), Kumar, beginning with JPEG frames (a "graphical image file of said created graphical image") will develop "an appendix to the graphical image file" that enables the additional presentation functionality, as in figs 1, 6A, 7.

Kumar's <u>file</u> structure is described in general terms relating to object linking within a <u>rich media</u> environment (col 2, lines 7 – 31), and does not enter into a depth of discussion such as "defining an area on the created image as a hotspot area".

However, Miller's <u>OBJECT SELECTION USING HIT TEST TRACKS</u> is specifically directed to producing a <u>selected visual area</u> (Abstract; fig 2b) that is linked to at least

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one image frame, the resultant information being stored within a labeled portion of memory.

Thus, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to code a "hotspot" with the <u>hit test track</u> of Miller (see also paragraph 0020), within the <u>single file</u> arrangement of Kumar's <u>presentation</u>, so that regions within Kumar's <u>rich media</u> might be made precisely controlled as to how they are linked to other information resources.

As per claims 2, 13 "appending the generated appendix" is part of the general single file arrangement in Kumar, as is the incorporation of "a JPEG file format" (claim 5), as noted above.

Claim 3's use of "an image creation tool" (this also being claim 4's "external tool"; see also claims 14, 15, 23) is specifically a part of Miller's <u>labeling the pixels</u>: via <u>pattern recognition techniques or through manual object tracking</u> (paragraph 0033).

Independent claim 22 is broader, in that merely "an image extension" is used, for "appending image definition information" that is recovered by "an image extension decoder module". However, Kumar continues to suggest that "an image file of an image" be made into "an extended image file", as in the <u>single file</u>. The "extension" to include "image definition information" is then suggested by the obvious combination with Miller, where defined imagery is made part of the labeling.

The "hotspot definition information" of claim 24 is to be seen in the ability to support <u>OBJECT SELECTION</u> in Miller, while Kumar specifically teaches a <u>presentation</u>, as in claim 25's "presentation slide program". Claim 26's "capability to

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create image information definitions", meanwhile, is found in Miller's <u>labeling</u> tools, as noted above with respect to claim 3, with an "image file module as part of said image generating tool" that produces the <u>hit test track</u> (claim 27) with "image hotspot definition information" (claim 28). Such a "tool" is clearly "a graphics software program" (claim 29).

Within the playback of Miller, "said decoder module is a special purpose program within a computing machine" (claims 31, 35), and in Kumar, the comparable routines are for "navigation and display" throughout the <u>presentation</u> (claims 33, 37).

6. Claims 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kumar in view of Miller and Ramos et al. ("Ramos"; US #2002/0196272 A1).

While various browsing and playback adaptations must be used in the combination of Kumar/Miller, these do not extend to the point of "a plugin program contained in a webBrowser module" (claims 30, 34), "navigation and display program" adaptations within such a "module" (claims 32, 36) or "a native webBrowser that has been enhanced to perform the decoding" (claim 38).

However, Ramos discloses a specialized <u>INTERNET BROWSER</u> that can interpret <u>SMART IMAGES</u> with <u>a digital watermark</u> (Abstract). When given an image so annotated, Ramos is capable of picking off the <u>indicia</u> and acting accordingly.

Thus, it would also have been obvious to the person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to use a modified "webBrowser" as per Ramos to handle the Kumar presentation in a single file that contains extensions as per Miller,

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since this allows the image a more straightforward recognition and interpretation at the receiving end.

7. Claims 6 – 11, 16 – 21 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Please note also that the above-noted uncertainty under 35 USC 112 must be rectified, concerning claim 11.

The best prior art of record, namely Kumar in view of Miller, suggests that a "hotspot area" be made part of an "appendix to the graphical image file", as outlined above. However, such prior art does not teach or suggest all of the "appendix generation" that occurs in claims 6, 16, especially the use of "the length of the graphical image file" as appended "to the end of said new file", and thus would be allowed over the art of record, if placed in independent claim form.

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The remaining US Patent documents made of record (see attached form PTO-892) relate to the linking of imagery and external information resources.

- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raymond J. Bayerl whose telephone number is (703) 305-9789 through the month of October 2004 and (571) 272-4045 thereafter. The examiner can normally be reached on M F from 10:00 AM to 5:00 PM ET.
- 10. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca, can be reached on (703) 308-3116 through the month of

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October 2004 and (571) 272-4048 thereafter. All patent application related correspondence transmitted by FAX **must be directed** to the central FAX number (703) 872-9306.

11. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

RAYMOND J. BAYERL PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 2173

28 September 2004

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